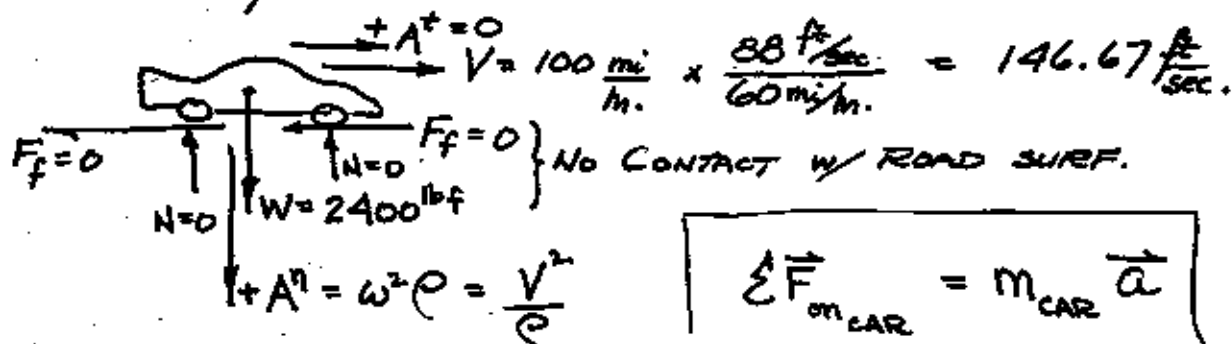


SPORTS CAR LOSES ROAD CONTACT AT A

a) ? ρ = RADIUS of CURVATURE at A.

b) F ON DRIVER = 160 lbf BY THE SEAT OF A DRIF. CAR = 3100 lbf @ CONSTANT $V = 50$ mph.

(a) CAR at pt. A.



TANGENTIAL: $\sum F = ma^t \Rightarrow 0 = 0$

NORMAL: $\sum F = ma^n = \frac{W}{g} \left[\frac{V^2}{\rho} \right] + \uparrow$

$$2400 \text{ lbf} = \frac{2400 \text{ lbf}}{32.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2}} \frac{(146.67 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})^2}{\rho}$$

$$\rho = \frac{(146.67)^2}{32.2} \frac{\text{ft}^2/\text{s}^2}{\text{ft}/\text{s}^2} = 668.077'$$

$\rho = 668 \text{ ft.}$

(b) $a^t = 0$

$V = 50 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{m.}} \left[\frac{88 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}}{60 \text{ mph}} \right] = 73.33 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$ CONSTANT
 a^n , N , W_{man}

TANGENTIAL: $\sum F = ma^t$
 $0 = 0$

NORMAL: $\sum F_{\text{on man}} = m_{\text{man}} a^n = \frac{W}{g} \frac{V^2}{\rho}$

$$160 \text{ lbf} - N = \frac{160 \text{ lbf}}{32.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2}} \frac{(73.33)^2}{668 \text{ ft.}}$$

FORCE on MAN = $N = 120 \text{ lbf}$ Check your algebra!