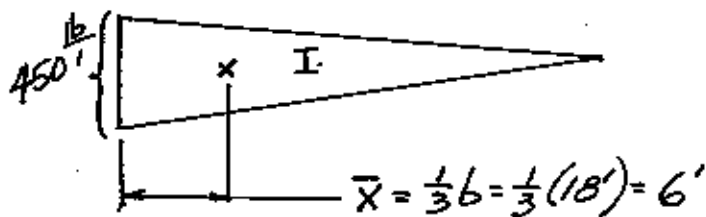
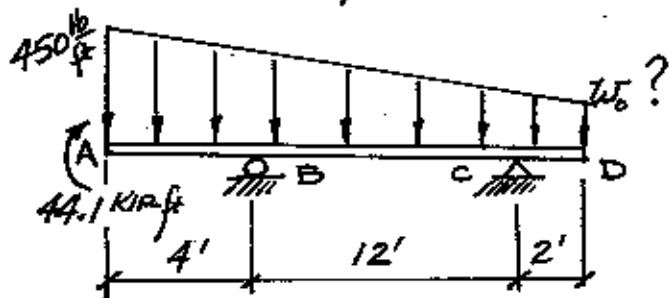


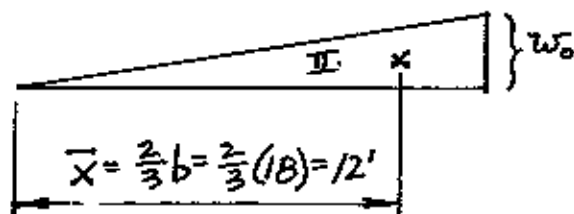
Work this problem backwards to determine w_0
if $R_B = 0$.

See Sample Prob. 5.9, p. 242



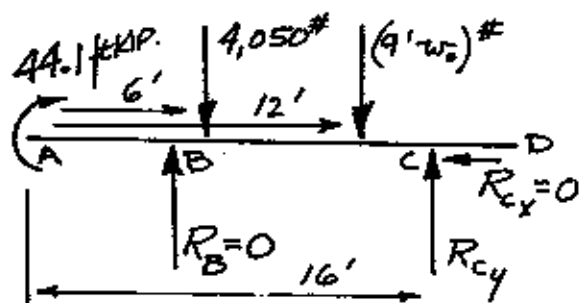
$$A_I = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(18')(450 \frac{\#}{f}) = 4,050 \text{ lb.}$$

@ $x_c = 6'$



$$A_{II} = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(18')w_0 = (9'w_0) \text{ lb.}$$

@ $x_c = 12'$



$$\sum F_x = 0 = R_{Cx} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 = -4,050 - 9'w_0 + R_{Cy}$$

Take moments about C
to eliminate unknown R_{Cy}
and solve for w_0

$$\sum M_C = 0 = -44,100 \text{ ft. lb.} + (4,050 \#)(10') + (9'w_0)(4')$$

$$44,100 - 40,500 = (9'w_0)(4')$$

$$\frac{3600 \text{ ft. lb.}}{(9')(4')} = w_0 = 100 \frac{\text{lb.}}{f}$$

$$\therefore \sum F_y = 0 \quad 4,050 \text{ lb.} + 9'(100 \frac{\text{lb.}}{f}) = R_{Cy} = 4,950 \text{ lb.}$$